

SAW Components

Data Sheet B3764





SAW Components

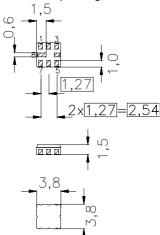
B3764 **Low-loss Filter** 316,20 MHz

Data Sheet

Features

(SMT)

Ceramic package QCC8B



Terminals

Ni, gold plated

Passivation layer: Elpas

typ. dimensions in mm, approx. weight 0,07 g

Pin configuration¹⁾

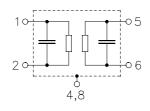
1 Input Ground (recommended) or Input

RF low-loss filter for remote control receivers

Balanced and unbalanced operation possible

■ Package for Surface Mounted Technology

- 2 Input (recommended) or Input Ground
- 5 Output (recommended) or Output Ground
- 6 Output Ground (recommended) or Output
- 4,8 Case - Ground
- 3,7 to be grounded



Туре	Ordering code	Marking and package according to	Packing according to		
B3764	B39321-B3764-Z810	C61157-A7-A46	F61074-V8167-Z000		

Electrostactic Sensitive Device (ESD)

Maximum ratings

Operable temperature range	T _A	-45/+120	°C	
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-45/+120	°C	
DC voltage	V _{DC}	6	V	
Source power	P_S	10	dBm	source impedance 50 Ω

¹⁾ The recommended pin configuration usually offers best suppression of electrical crosstalk. The filter characteristics refer to this configuration.





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Low-loss Filter					316,	20 MHz
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Characteristics						
Reference temperatu			+95°C			
Terminating source in				ning network		
Terminating load imp	edance: Z_{L}	= 50 Ω	and match	ning network	Ĩ	
			min.	typ.	max.	1
Center frequency		f _C	_	316,20		MHz
(center frequency bet	tween 3 dB points)					
Minimum insertion	attenuation	α_{min}				
(including losses in m	natching network)					
	316,05 316,35 MHz			1,9	2,9	dB
Pass band (relative t	(· μ ο					
	316,05 316,35 MHz		_	0,5	2,0	dB
	316,02 316,38 MHz		_	0,7	<u>-,</u> 0 3,0	dB
	315,98 316,42 MHz			1,0	6,0	dB
Pass bandwidth						
	α _{rel} ≤ 3 dB		0,54	0,59	0,64	MHz
Relative attenuation		α_{rel}	40	50		
	10,00 295,70 MHz		48	53	—	dB
	295,70 305,70 MHz		45	50	_	dB
	305,70 314,00 MHz		25	30	_	dB
	314,00 314,40 MHz		33	40		dB
	314,40 315,50 MHz		13	18	_	dB
	316,90 324,20 MHz		13	17	_	dB
	324,20 336,00 MHz		38	45		dB
	336,00 600,00 MHz		43	48		dB
	600,001000,00 MHz		60	70	—	dB
Impedance for pass	band matching 1)					
•	it: $Z_{\rm IN} = R_{\rm IN} \parallel C_{\rm IN}$			340 2,6	_	Ω p
	put: $Z_{OUT} = R_{OUT} \parallel C_{OUT}$			340 2,6		Ω pl

¹⁾ Impedance for passband matching bases on an ideal, perfect matching of the SAW filter to source- and to load impedance (here 50 Ohm). After the SAW filter is removed and input impedance into the input matching / output matching network is calculated.

The conjugate complex value of these characteristic impedances are the input and output impedances for flat passband. For more details, we refer to EPCOS application note #4.



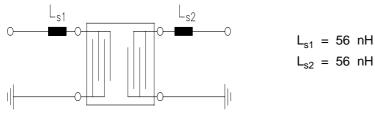
Jan 16, 2004



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Low-loss Filter

Matching network to 50 Ω (element values depend on pcb layout and equivalent circuit)



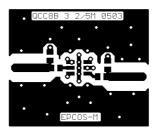
Minimising the crosstalk

For a good ultimate rejection a low crosstalk is necessary. Low crosstalk can be realised with a good RF layout. The major crosstalk mechanism is caused by the "ground-loop" problem.

Grounding loops are created if input-and output transducer GND are connected on the top-side of the PCB and fed to the system grounding plane by a common via hole. To avoid the common ground path, the ground pin of the input- and output transducer are fed to the system ground plane (bottom PCB plane) by their own via hole. The transducers' grounding pins should be isolated from the upper grounding plane.

A common GND inductivity of 0.5nH degrades the ultimate rejection (crosstalk) by 20dB.

The optimised PCB layout, including matching network for transformation to 50 Ohm, is shown here. In this PCB layout the grounding loops are minimised to realise good ultimate rejection.



Optimised PCB layout for SAW filters in QCC8B package, pinning 2,5 (top side, scale 1:1)

The bottom side is a copper plane (system ground area). The input and output grounding pins are isolated and connected to the common ground by separated via holes.

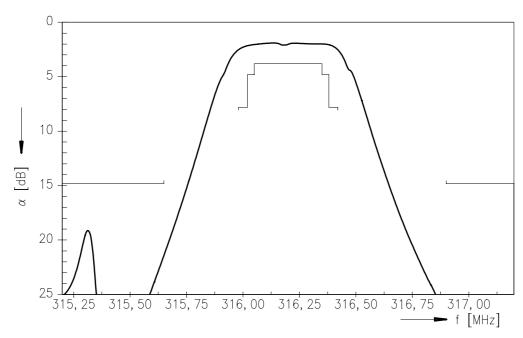
For good contact of the upper grounding area with the lower side it is necessary to place enough via holes.



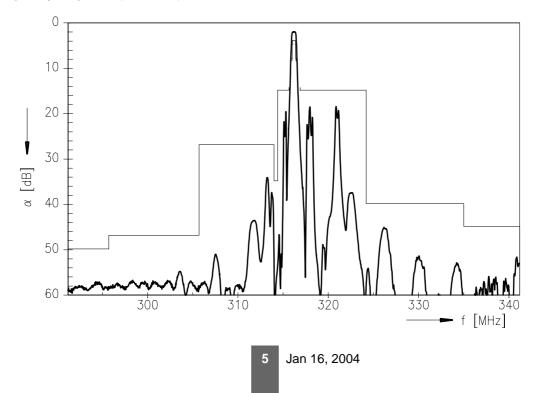
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Low-loss Filter	316,20 MHz

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Frequency response



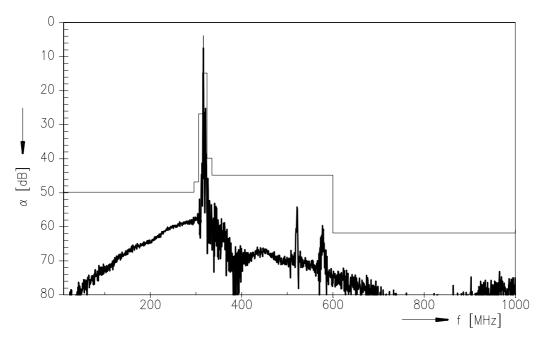
Frequency response (wideband)





Data Sheet

Frequency response (ultimate rejection)



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